

Corequisite Mathematics – Systemwide Data Analysis

Corequisite Mathematics Academy

April 4, 2018

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Presentation Outline

Learning Support Enrollment Trends

Corequisite Student Course Pass Rates

First-time Freshmen Corequisite Student Outcomes

Next Steps for Research



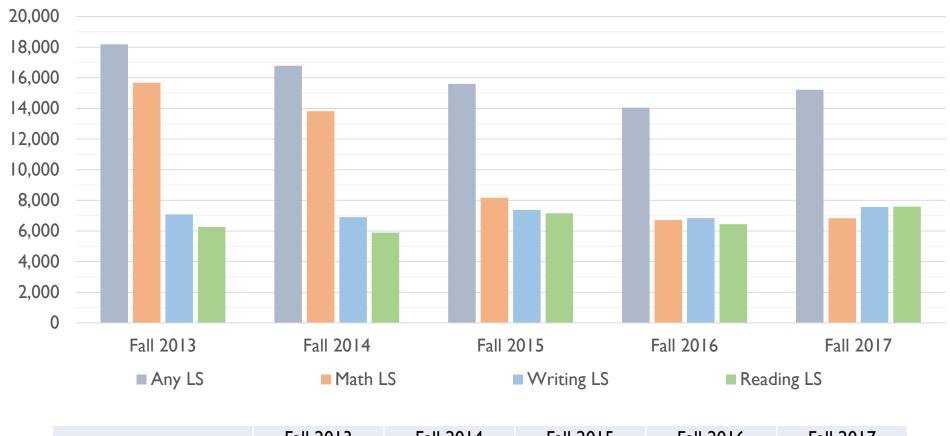
Learning Support Enrollment Trends

Report on trends in learning support enrollment and placement from the past five fall terms.

Identify the internal and external factors that have led to shifts in learning support placement and enrollment.



Learning Support (LS) Enrollment by Subject Area

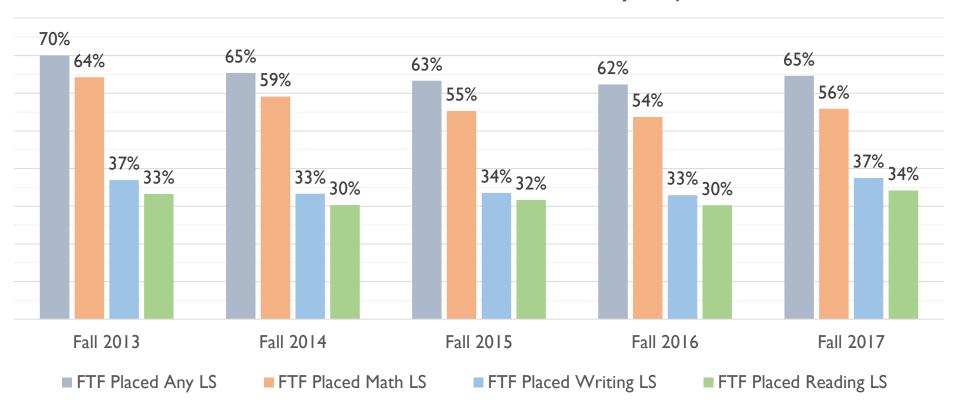


| | Fall 2013 | Fall 2014 | Fall 2015 | Fall 2016 | Fall 2017 |
|--------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Any Learning Support | 18,182 | 16,787 | 15,603 | 14,050 | 15,216 |
| Math Learning Support | 15,675 | 13,821 | 8,168 | 6,715 | 6,831 |
| Writing Learning Support | 7,087 | 6,912 | 7,375 | 6,841 | 7,567 |
| Reading Learning Support | 6,266 | 5,893 | 7,161 | 6,448 | 7,598 |

What impact did the Promise have on LS enrollment?

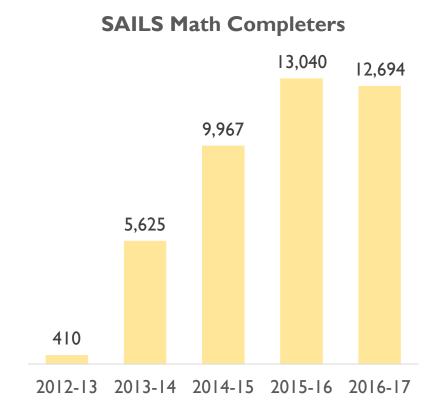
| | Fall 2013 | Fall 2014 | Fall 2015 | Fall 2016 | Fall 2017 |
|---------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| First-time Freshmen (FTF) | 18,139 | 18,216 | 22,732 | 21,305 | 21,620 |

First-time Freshmen LS Placement Rates by Subject Area

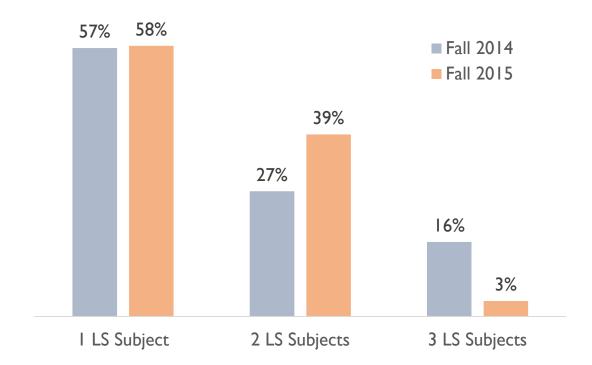


Note: First-time Freshmen (FTF) includes full-time and part-time as well as summer-returning-fall students.

Despite the Promise, why did LS math enrollment decline?

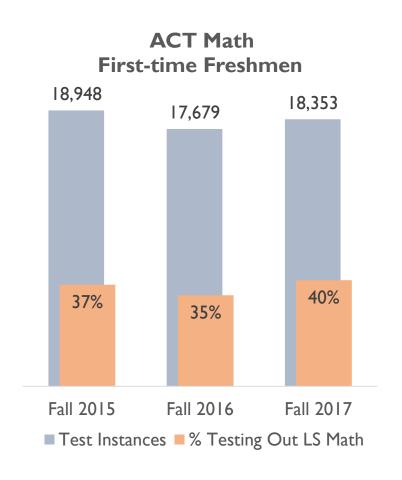


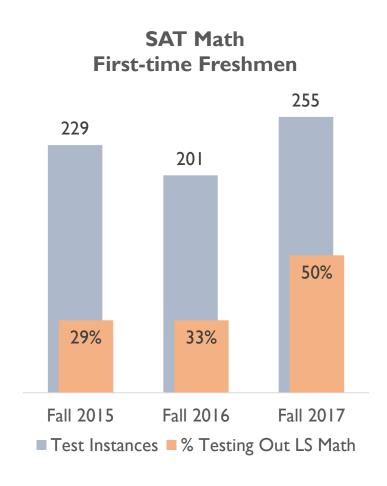
Fall LS Enrollment by Number of Subjects

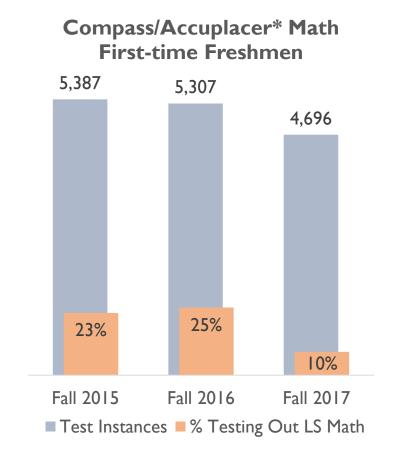




Why did LS placement and enrollment increase in fall 2017?



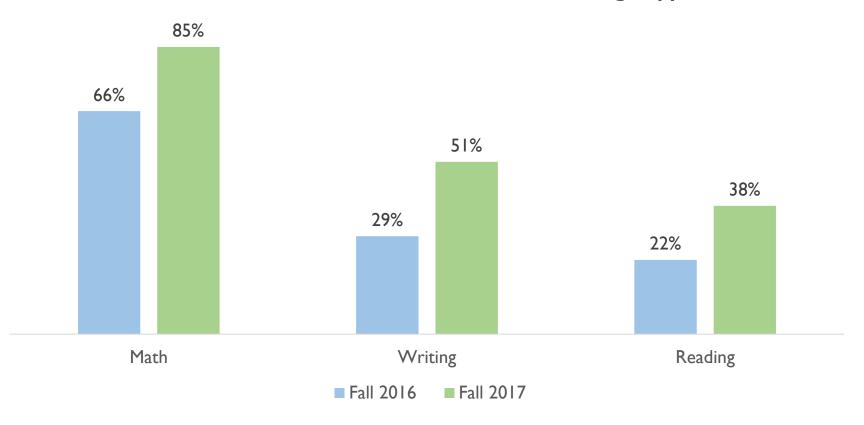




^{*} Accuplacer and Compass test instances are combined for this analysis. The large majority of fall 2017 tests are Accuplacer. Prior to fall 2017, all tests are Compass.

Why did LS placement and enrollment increase in fall 2017?







Corequisite Student Course Pass Rates

Focus on all community college corequisite students enrolled in fall terms, without comparisons to prerequisite or university students.

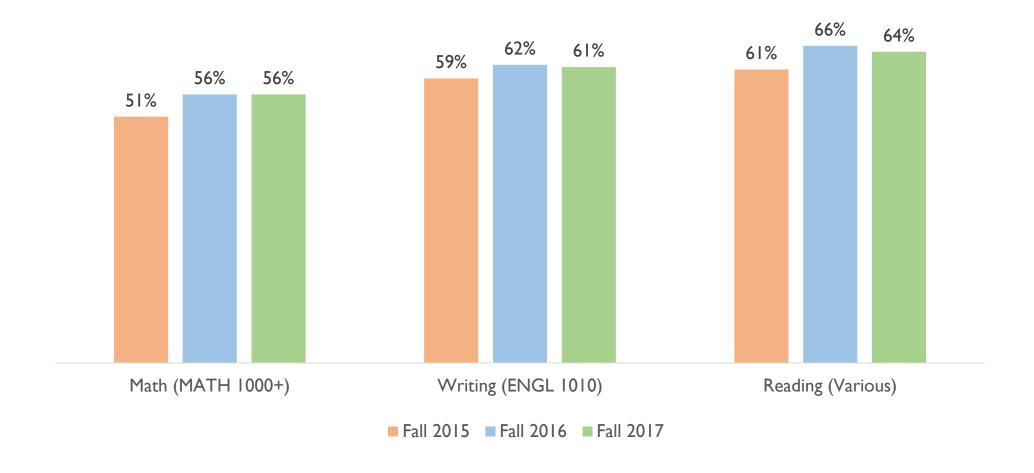
Identify gaps in college course pass rates for corequisite students from various subpopulations.

Display gaps in college course pass rates for corequisite students as compared to students enrolled in only college level coursework.

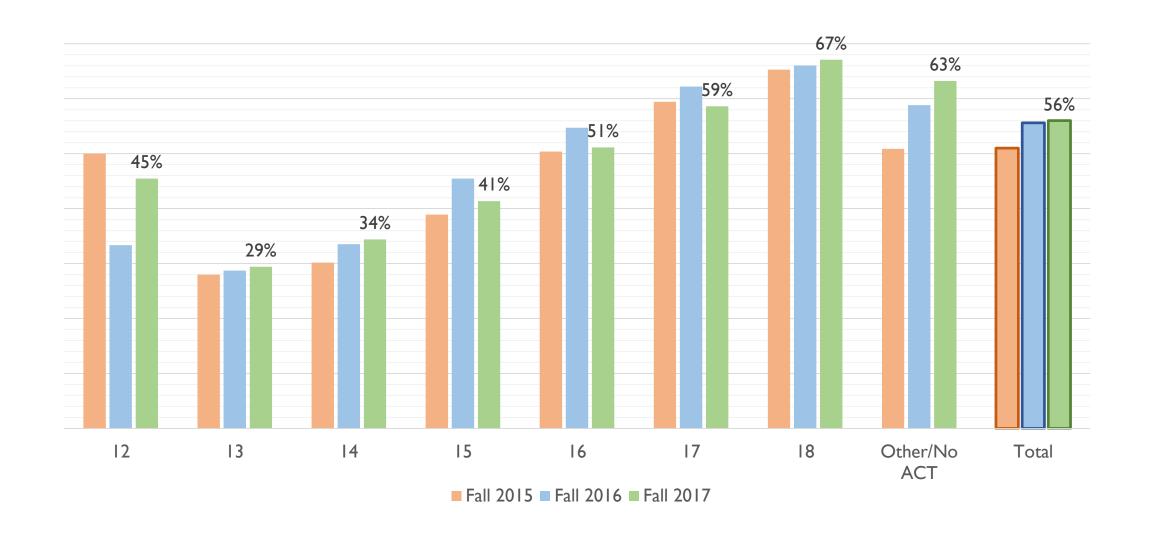
Provide first-term outcomes of corequisite students disaggregated by course results.



Corequisite Student College Level (CL) Course Pass Rates

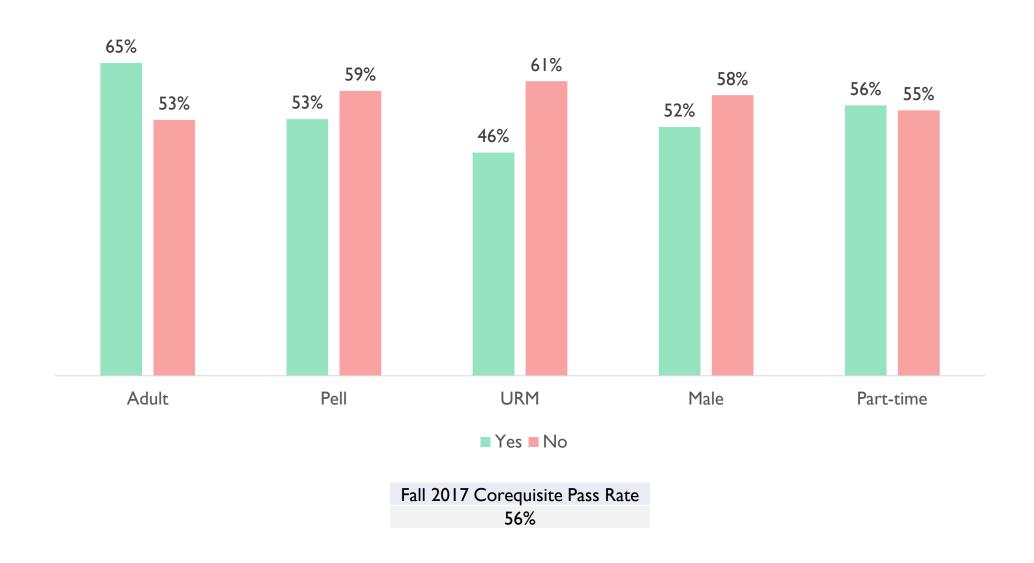


tor Corequisite Math Student CL Pass Rates, by ACT Subscore



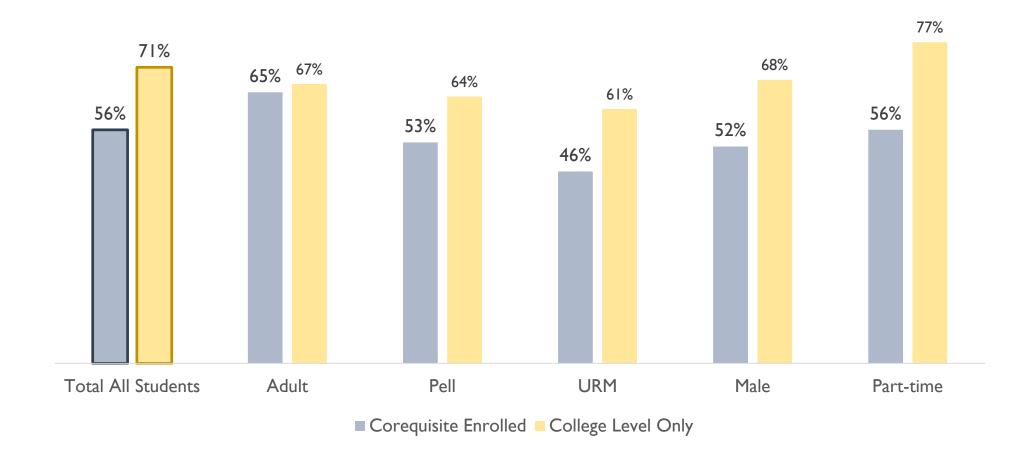


Coreq. Math Student CL Pass Rates, by Subpopulation (F17)



Note: Adult = Age 25 or Older. URM = Race/Ethnicities of Alaskan Native, Black, Hispanic, American Indian, Pacific Islander, and Multiracial.

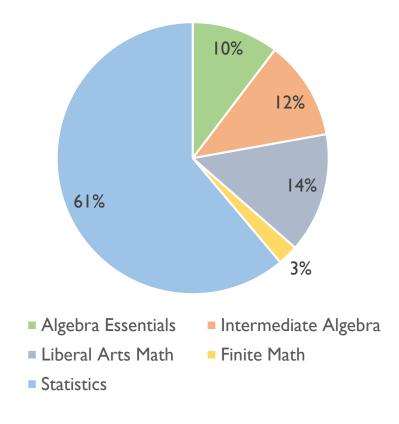
Math Student CL Pass Rates, by Placement and Subpop. (F17)



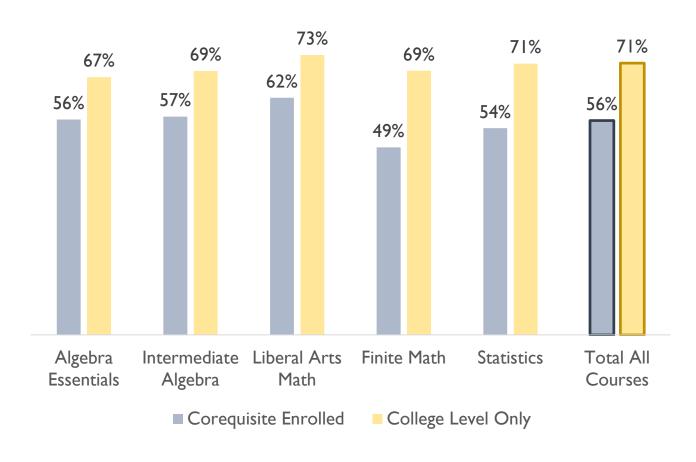


Math Student Pass Rates, by Course Enrolled (F17)

College Level Course Enrolled Corequisite Students



Enrolled Student Pass Rate by Math Course

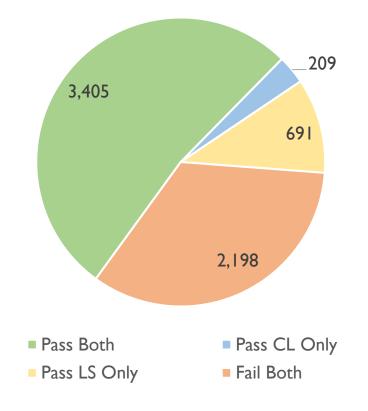


Note: Essentials = 1000, 1003, 1005. Intermediate = 1030, 1050, 1100, 1130. Liberal Arts = 1010, 1410. Finite = 1630. Statistics = 1530.



THE COLLEGE SYSTEM Corequisite Math Student Outcomes, by Results (F17)

Corequisite Math Student Distribution by Course Results



Corequisite Math Student Outcomes by Course Results

| | Pass Both | Pass CL Only | Pass LS Only | Fail Both |
|--------------------------------|--------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|
| Percent Students | 52% | 3% | 11% | 34% |
| Avg. ACT Math | 16.5 | 15.9 | 16.1 | 15.7 |
| Avg. Hours Attempt | 12.7 | 12.9 | 13 | 12.6 |
| Avg. Hours Earn | 12.2 | 8.4 | 7.7 | 2.3 |
| Earn/Attempt Ratio | 96% | 65% | 59% | 18% |
| Avg. Term GPA | 3.0 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.2 |
| Fall/Spring Retention Rate* | 91% | 83% | 70% | 36% |

College Level Only Outcomes

| Pass CL | Fail CL |
|------------|------------|
| 71% | 29% |
| 20.5 | 18.7 |
| 11.4 | 12.2 |
| 10.7 | 4.1 |
| 94% | 34% |
| 3.0 | 1.6 |
| 84% | 47% |

Note: Outcomes are based on combined hours and GPA (includes both college and learning support courses).

^{*} Fall 2017-to-Spring 2018 retention rate is preliminary as it is based on spring 2018 census enrollment. Rate is defined in next section.



First-time Freshmen Corequisite Student Outcomes

Report first-time freshmen corequisite student outcomes in comparison to students enrolled in only college level coursework, as well as how corequisite student outcomes vary by subpopulation.

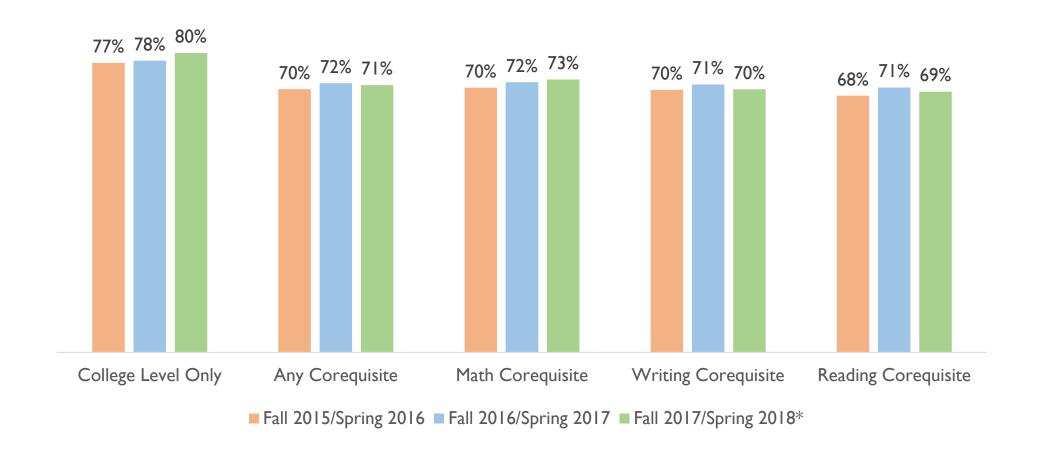
Metric I: Fall-to-Spring Retention

Metric 2: Fall-to-Fall Retention

Subpopulations: Adult, Pell, Underrepresented Minority, and Part-time



FTF Fall-to-Spring (FS) Retention, by Placement

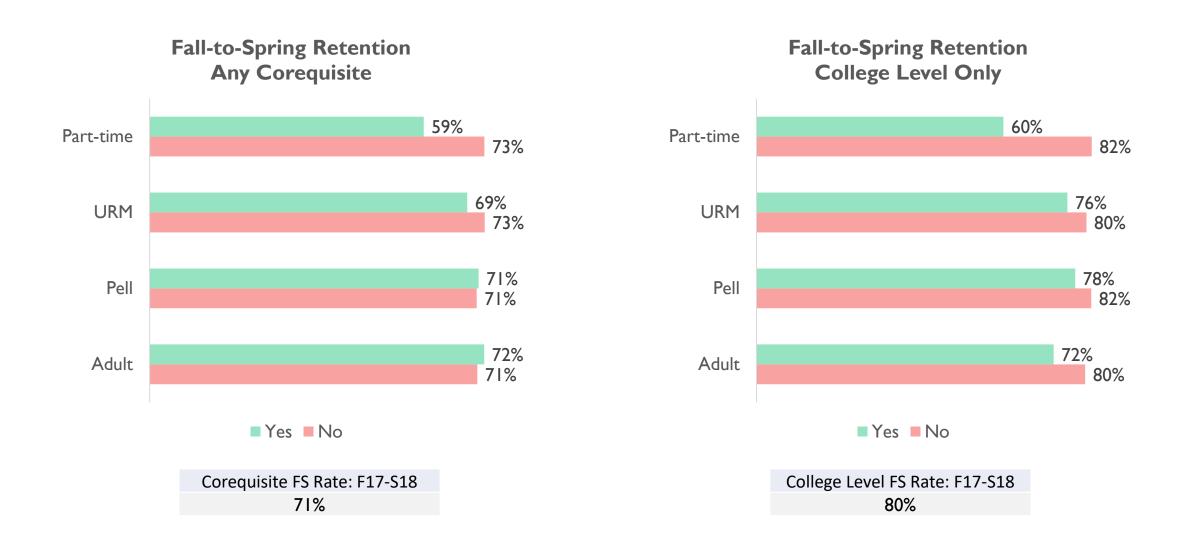


Note: Fall-to-Spring Retention = Student graduated at the end of the fall term or was enrolled the next spring. Both outcomes are inclusive of any community college. Note: First-time Freshmen (FTF) includes full-time and part-time as well as summer-returning-fall students.

* Fall 2017-to-Spring 2018 retention rate is preliminary as it is based on spring 2018 census enrollment.



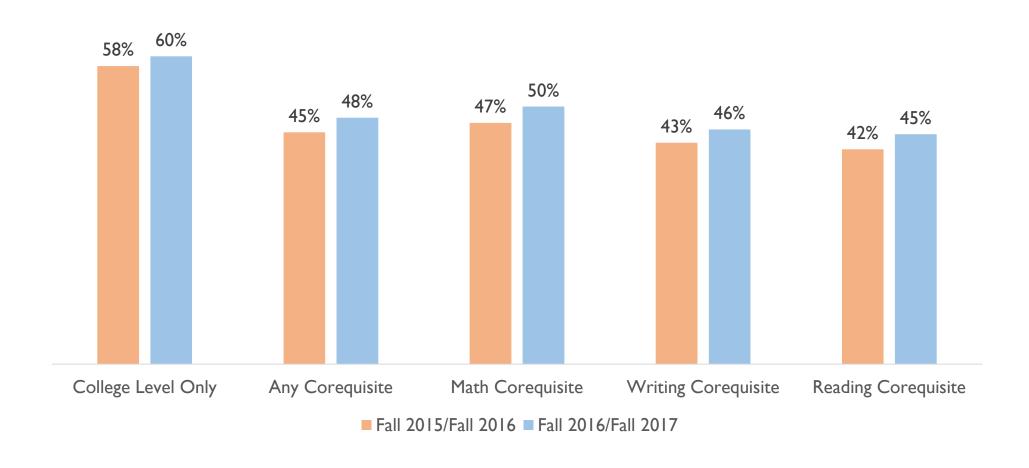
THE COLLEGE SYSTEM FTF Fall-to-Spring Retention, by Subpopulation (F17*)



Note: Adult = Age 25 or Older. URM = Race/Ethnicities of Alaskan Native, Black, Hispanic, American Indian, Pacific Islander, and Multiracial. * Fall 2017-to-Spring 2018 retention rate is preliminary as it is based on spring 2018 census enrollment.

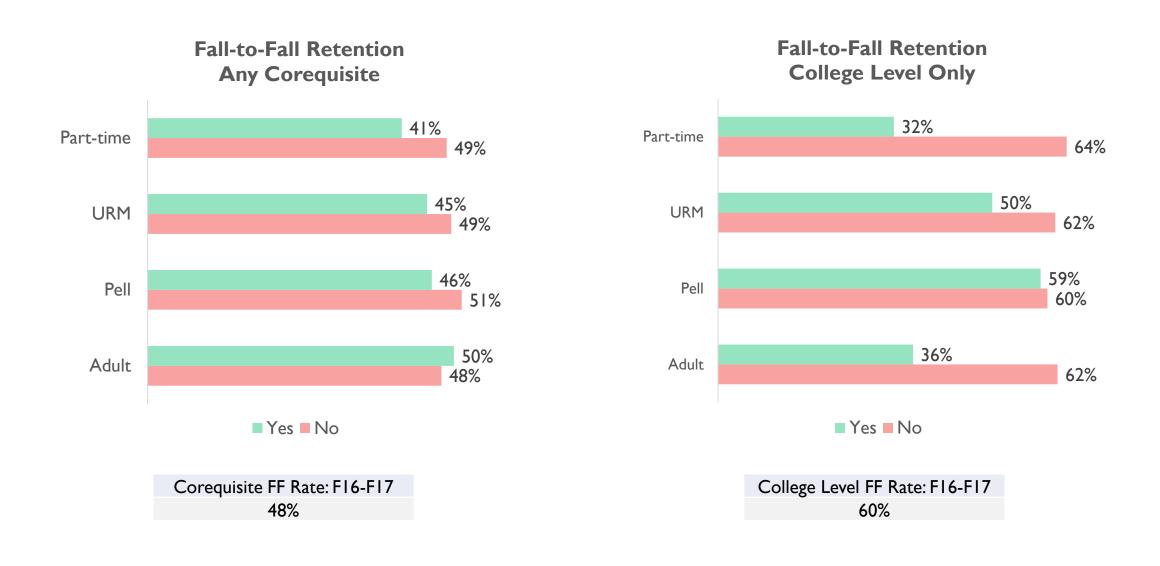


FTF Fall-to-Fall (FF) Retention, by Placement



Note: Fall-to-Fall Retention = Student graduated prior to the next fall or was enrolled the next fall. Both outcomes are inclusive of any community college.

THE COLLEGE SYSTEM FTF Fall-to-Fall Retention, by Subpopulation (F16)





Next Steps for Research

Expand outcomes analysis:

- Refine retained with good progress metric.
- Explore second course enrollment/completion patterns.
- Prepare 3-year graduation rate analysis for fall 2015.

Perform analysis of spring math cohorts.

Further explore and disaggregate Adult and Accuplacer findings.

Determine feasibility and validity of multivariate placement methodology.



Questions and Discussion

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